Support Civic League Candidates, September 16. See Large Ad On Page eight

THE CHARLEROI MAIL

VOLUME XX—NO. 82. CHARLEROI, WASHINGTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1919 TWO CENTS

STATUS OF RETURNED SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES AS TO VOTING

Law Makes Provisions For those who arrive home too Late to Qualify

MR. SWICKEY SECURES OPINION

Some doubt having been expressed in Charleroi as to whether returned soldiers, sailors and marines could vote at thecoming elections without first having been assessed and paid their taxes, H. L. Swickey, President of Borough Council, took the matter up with Judge McIlvaine. In reply the Judge enclosed to Mr. Swickey an opinion of Deputy Attorney General William M. Hargest bearing on this important question and with which Judge McIlvaine says he coicurs.

The question put up to the Deputy Attorney General was whether soldiers, sailors and marines who are discharged before the date on which they may be enrolled or assessed in order to vote at the primaries this fall. or before the date upon which payment of taxes is required in order to vote, are entitled to the benefits of an act of assembly approved July 15, 1919.

This act of assembly is entitled, "An act providing for voting by soldiers, sailors and marines, in service, or discharged therefrom, returning to their homes, who have been unable to qualify themselves as electors in accordance with existing laws."

In giving his opinion the Deputy Attorney General says it does not and is not intended to apply to voting by all soldiers sailors and marines but only to those who are in the service or who have been discharged and returned to their homes too late to qualify themselves as electors in accordance with existing law."

Section of the act provides that any soldier. sailor or marine in service or who has served in the army or navy of the United States, and who has returned to his home, shall be entitled to vote in his respective election district as asoldier, sailor or marine, notwithstanding that he has not been assessed and has not paid his usual taxes, or is not personally registered in the district in which he resides.

The act also contains the following proviso, which is not easily misunderstood:

"Provided .that such elections at which he offers to vote shall occur at such times as has prevented such soldier. sailor or marine from being assessed and from having paid his usual taxes. and where the same is necessary, from having been personally registered after his return to his home, as is required in the case of an elector by the Constitution."

It therefore follows that no soldier. sailor or marine who returns home in time to be enrolled or assessed and pay his usual taxes. and to be registered where personal registration is necessary, is entitled to vote as provided by this Act. but only those soldiers. sailors and marines who have been discharged and returned to their homes too late to qualify themselves as electors are entitled to vote as provided by his law.

The Deputy Attorney General is of the opinion that a soldier, sailor or marine who returns home after the date for enrollment must comply with the other election laws as to registration and the payment of taxes if he returns prior to the days on which registration and payment of taxes are required. In other words. that soldiers. sailors and marines must meet every requirement of the law which they can meet but the Act of Assembly is intended to waive every requirement which such soldiers sailors and marines cannot meet.

DONORA'S FOOD CAR STRAYED OR STOLEN

The car load of army foodstuffs, which a committee from Donora purchased for the residents of that town has been either lost or has strayed away from the beaten path, as it has not yet arrived at its destination. It has been several days since the committee returned from Baltimore, where the purchases were made, and it was supposed that the car would arrive a few days later, but up to the present time it has not made its appearance. Donora people are anxiously awaiting its arrival.

HELD FOR SELLING CIGARETS TO MINORS

Louis S. Markovitz, of 901 Meadow avenue, who conducts a small store at that place. was given a hearing before Justice Whitehead Tuesday evening on a charge of selling cigarets to minors The information was made by Chief of Police C. W. Albright on information received and the hearing resulted in Markovitz being held for court in the sum of $500. which the accused furnished.

A large number of witnesses, principally boys. were summoned, who testified in the case and all of whom said they had purchased cigarets at the Markovitz store. The younger boys said they had purchased from clerks in the store, while the older boys said they had bought cigarets direct from Markovitz. Mrs. J. K. Mitchell of the Charleroi W. C. T. U., was also summoned and said their members had made a canvass of Charleroi and left cards on which the law relating to the sale of cigarets to minors were printed, at all places where tobacco was sold. In some instances she testified, these cards were torn up in their presence. by the proprietors of a number of smaller stores.

Chief Albright gives notice that he will prosecute all dealers who persist in violating this law.

All Automobile Lenses Must Conform to State Regulations

The Automibile Division of the Pennsylvania State Highway Department during the last few days has requested automobile lens manufacturers, who have written to the Department for specifications, to conform to a list of special instructions relative to tests. They have also been asked to send two pairs of the lenses, nine (9) inches in diameter when practicable, to the Electrical Testing Laboratories, 80th Street and East End Avenue, New York City. The new automobile regulation that provides that no glaring lenses may be used, provides also that manufacturers of lenses must send a check for $50 to the Automibile Division of the State Highway Department to cover expenses of making the tests.

As rapidly as the New York Testing Laboratory approves or disapproves of lenses submitted to them, the State Highway Department will announce the findings of the laboratories.

Head Light Regulations

Under Section 20 of the Act of June 30, 1919, all head lights, search lights, spot lights and other automobiles, trucks, motorcycles and bicycles with motor attaches, having electric lights of over four candle power, must be equipped with reflectors so arranged, designed, diffused or deflected that no dazzling rays of light shall, at a point seventy five (75) feet or more ahead of the lamps, rise more than forty-two (42) inches above the level surface of the highways. Motorcycles with side car attachment require two head lights. Motorcycles without sidecar attachment require but one head light.

Information concerning the results of tests of light lenses or devices will be disseminated by the State Highway Department from time to time. Only such lenses or devices which have been approved will be permitted on motor vehicles.

WASHINGTON HIGH PLAYS IN CHARLEROI

The Washington high school football team has given out its schedule. It will consist of ten games. They will play at Donora on the 11th of October and at Chareroi on the first of November. The Monessen team will play the Washington eleven at Washington on Thanksgiving day

To The Republican Voters of Charleroi

During the past forty years but two candidates seeking reelection, for the office of District Attorney, were defeated and it may therefore be taken as the custom in Washington County to give a candidate for District Attorney a second term.

As an evidence of his fitness for the office and therefore an endorsement of his candidacy 55 of the 72 republican lawyers of the Washington County Bar have signed Mr. Baum's petition and are supporting him for a second term. Of the remaining 22 lawyers 10 are either candidates or are too much interested in other candidates or have other reasons that they would not sign the petition of anyone.

Since Mr. Baum has been in the office there has not been a year when the expenses incident to conducting the District Attorney's office have not been easily paid out of fines and costs collected. These revenues have increased each year so that during the year 1918 not only the expenses of conducting the District Attorney's office but the expense of running the whole Court of Quarter Sessions. which was $40,000.00, was collected in fines and costs by the District Attorney with a surplus of $3,000.00.

Therefore, Mr. Voter, do you not think that Mr. Baum is entitled to be returned to the office of District Attorney? 79-t3-*

ARRESTED FOR AUTO STEALING

Oliver Pegg of Charleroi, recently discharged from service in the American army, was arrested in Mt. Pleasant, Ohio, a few days ago by Detective Harry Mellen of Pittsburg. Pegg was held in Washington until Tuesday night, when he was taken on to Pittsburg. According to the story of the police officials, Pegg is thought to be implicated in the theft of a large number of automobiles. When arrested he had a new Ford car which bore no license plate and which Pegg said he had purchased. The prisoner is about 22 years of age and said he was wounded and gassed in France.

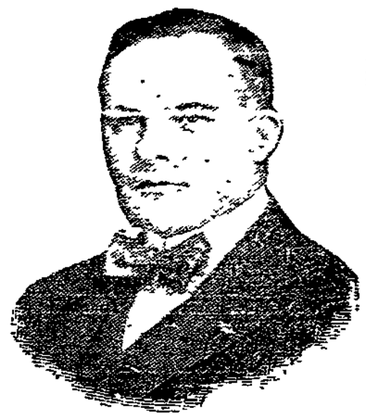
COMPLETED TRIP IN SPLENDID SHAPE

The new steamer Edgar Thomson completed her first round trip from Clairton to Ronco in the sixth pool on Monday. A number of Carnegie officials were on board during the trip, including the designer of the boat. who were closely watching how the machinery was working. On their return Monday they expressed themselves as being highly pleased with the manner in which the boat acted. The Thomson will now take her regular place in the line. The next boats to be entered in the Carnegie service will be the Homestead a companion boat of the Clingerman and the Whigham. a mate of the Thomson.

Mrs. Adam Turnbull. Jr.. of Greenville is visiting at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clement of Crest avenue.

OUTCOME OF MINERS' CONVENTION WATCHED WITH GREAT INTEREST

R. G. Lutton, Candidate For Treasurer on the Republican Ticket



Some reasons why R. G. Lutton should be chosen as the candidate of the Republican party in Washington county for Treasurer:

He is a business man of experience judgment. As a candidate for Treasurer Mr Lutton appeals to the voters who want such a man and such an administration.

The same ability that has brought about his success and standing as a citizen in his own community will be transferred to the public service as Treasurer.

Safeguard your money by nominating and electing a man as County Treasurer in whom you can implicitly trust—one who will conserve the funds entrusted to his kare.

Make the office of Treasurer an instrument of sound business by placing in that office one who will best serve the public—one who is qualified for the position—one who will be courteous. accommodating and efficient.

For these reasons you are asked to vote for R. G. Lutton as the Republican candidate for County Treasurer at the polls on Tuesday next, Sept. 16th.—Political advertising. 82-t1*

STARTED FOR SCHOOL; ENDED IN MATRIMONY

Miss Florence Mable Hough, of 205 Lookout avenue, left her home Friday morning, ostensibly for the purpose of attending the sessions of the Douglas Business College. where she was a pupil. Instead of doing so, however, she continued on her way to Belle Vernon, where in company with John Wm. Herman of Harmony. she boarded the 10:03 train on the Lake Erie and went to Cumberland. Md.. where the same evening at 8:15 o'clock they were united in marriage by the Rev. Wm. Gorffe. They remained in Cumberland Friday night and on Saturday arrived in Pittsburg. Monday afternoon they arrived in Charleroi on the 3 o'clock train. At present they are staying with the bride's sister, Mrs. Frank Chew of Lock Four until they go to housekeeping. Mr. Herman is an employe of the Page Steel and Wire company, where he hold a responsible position. while the bride is very popular with a large circle of friends in Charleroi.

Increase In Wages And Shorter Hours Likely To Be Demanded

WILL PRESS ALL THEIR DEMANDS.

Great interest on the part of coal operators and miners of the Monongahela valley is taken in the convention of miners now being held in Cleveland, to formulate demands which will be made with reference to wages and working conditions.

About two thousand delegates are in attendance and it is expected that the deliberations of thebody will consume about two weeks, after which the results of the convention will be taken up with the coal operators.

As outlined by acting President John L. Lewis, all wage agreements which existed during the period of war should now be terminated and that miners should press demands which have been held in abeyance for a number of months. He declared that no interference could be tolerated from any agency seeking to prevent the accomplishment of the miners' program and this statement was received with great enthusiasm as was his statement that the miners' efforts would be successful even in the face of strong opposition, although according to the speaker he anticipated strong opposition and public criticism from various quarters.

It is definitely stated that an increase of wages will be asked by the miners, and a possibility also of a reduction in working hours. These two features will be the leading topics of the convention, and a positive declaration as to where the workers will stand on these propositions will be eagerly awaited by the public. If there should be a material advance asked in wages, together with a decrease in the working hours, it will mean material advance in the price of coal, not only to the domestic consumer but to industries as well.

HE STUDIED AT NIGHT

Charles M. Swen personal stenographer for President Wilson was a night school student in a business college only a few years ago. You may not be able to do as well as he did, but you can improve your position by taking a course in our evening school. We give personal help and individual instruction when necessary. The term begins September 15.

Cal telephone or write Douglas Business College, Charleroi, Pa. 32-t1-*

Miss Katherine Kauffe of Meadow avenue left Wenesday for Philadelphia where she will spend a two weeks vacation with relatives.

Majestic Theatre next Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in his first through the United artists corporation "HIS MAJESTY, THE AMERICAN"
Eight reels of action

Majestic Theatre Today
FRANK KEENAN in "GATES OF BRASS"
Also Comedy
Tomorrow---Sessue Hayakawa in "HIS DEBT"

DEPOSITS BY MAIL

If not convenient for you to come to the First National Bank you can safely and conveniently send us your deposits by mail.
We have many such accounts, and invite yours also.
4 per cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

The First National Bank
CHARLEROI, PA.

School Supplies

SPECIALS

Penny erasers, Penny tablet 6 for 5c
Crayon 5c, Penny box chalk

Tablets . .	5c	Pencils	2c, 3c, 5c
Composition books	1c, 5c, 10c	Drawing books	10c
		Paints	10c to $1
Note books .	5c	Pencil boxes	all sorts

MIGHT'S BOOK STORE

Coyle Theatre Today
Bert Lytell the Metro star in a Metro picture, "EASY TO MAKE MONEY" Also a 2 reel Mack Sennett comedy
Tomorrow---Dorothy Dalton in a Paramount picture "LADY OF RED BUTTE"

DON'T STRAIN YOUR EYES
your vision is far too valuable to endanger when good glasses are to be had.
A pair of corrective glasses fitted after a careful examination will work wonders with your vision and general disposition.
Moderate charges.

JOHN B. SCHAFER
515 McKean Ave. - - Charleroi, Pa.

HAD ODD TIME MEASURERS

Various Ways by Which the Ancients Kept Some Track of the Fast-Fleeting Hours.

Sacred history furnishes the earliest reference to anything like a fixed and permanent time measurer. Isaiah speaks of the dial of Ahaz which went ten degrees backward, and this dial, it has been conjectured, was a tall and slender column, which cast a shadow on a series of steps with which it was encircled.

The Egyptians, too, are credited with having used their monoliths, such as Cleopatra's needle, as time measurers.

However, the Chaldeans had other methods of measuring time, for they, as well as the contemporary Hindoos, and very likely the Egyptians, were acquainted with the water clock, or clepsydra, which measured time after the fashion of the hour glass, water taking the place of sand.

Indeed, it is believed that the Egyptians actually had hour glasses, for upon one of the bas-reliefs which have come to light after their long interment of 3,000 years or more is an object which those learned to such matters assure us can be nothing else than a sand glass.

In principle the clepsydra was nothing but a rod floating upon water, which was slowly dropping from an orifice in the vessel in which it was contained. Certain divisions were marked upon the rod, and a fixed pointer served the purpose of a clock hand.

But the Greeks, who seem to have used them on every possible occasion, expended much labor and artistic skill upon their manufacture. Sometimes they were groups of children, the escaping water representing the falling tears of some of their number, while others pointed out the time with a wand.

MEMORABLE GAME OF CARDS

Said to Have Suggested System of Life Insurance to Eminent French Mathematician.

A game of cards is said to have suggested the system of life insurance now so universal, according to London Answers.

A Flemish nobleman in the seventeenth century tried to divide equitably the cash staked upon an interrupted game of chance. He was helped in his attempt by Pascal, a distinguished French mathematician, who solved the problem. In doing so he also solved the "doctrine of probabilities" or laws governing insurances of all kinds.

The idea can be illustrated by the throwing of a dice, the chance of turning up an ace being one out of six. In a large number of throws the chances are in the same proportion. From this Pascal laid down the proposition that results which have happened in a given number of observed cases will again happen in similar circumstances, provided the numbers be sufficient for the proper working of the law of averages.

The life of a person is one of the greatest uncertainties, but the duration or rate of mortality of a large number of persons may be predicted with the greatest accuracy by comparison with the observed result among a sufficiently large number of persons of similar ages and occupations and subject to similar climatic influences.

Song Inspired by Poster?

It is an interesting bit of history, in view of the importance of posters as an inspiration and interpretation of patriotism, that the Marseillaise was inspired by a contemporary poster. At first thought one might imagine that the art of the poster, as it is now understood, was unknown in 1792, but the proclamation of the mayor of Strassburg, with its terse, ringing sentences, beginning "To arms, citizens!" was no doubt as effective as the posters produced in 1918. Posted on the city walls, as Jean Richepin of the French academy has just pointed out, the words of the proclamation directly inspired Rouget de Lisle in the composition of the "Marseillaise," or, as it was first called, "The War Song of the Armies of the Rhine." Later the convention at Paris entitled it the "Hymn of Marseilles," but the public promptly named it "La Marseillaise," and it might almost be said to have set the mayor's poster to music.—Christian Science Monitor.

How many people know the real meaning of the phrase "Like red rag to a bull?"

Why should a bull, or any other creature, be enraged when a piece of scarlet cloth is flaunted before them? For bulls are not alone in this. Sheep, usually so meek and gentle, will apparently become transported with rage if they see anything of this color. Geese and turkeys are similarly affected—the former even having been known to attack a scarlet-clad child.

The excitement animals display in such circumstances is similar to that caused by the smell of blood. Here is the theory: The color reminds the animals of blood, an association which invariably suggests bodily discomfort and hurt. So they express their terror by the only means they possess.

Weather Talk.

Mrs. Flatbush—They say some people can talk of nothing but the weather.

Mrs. Bensonhurst—Well, I believe it. I asked my husband for some money this morning and he said, "Isn't it a beautiful day?"

HONESTY, FITNESS, ABILITY.

ARE THE ELEMENTS OF A GOOD PUBLIC OFFICER

CHARLES MILLER

Possesses all these qualifications. He can be trusted to deal squarely with the public and with unfortunates under his care. He would not use public patronage to reward political friends or to punish political enemies.

He Would Serve the People.

Cheerfully, promptly, faithfully and intelligently. He would represent the county with dignity and uphold the majesty of the law with firmness.

He will devote his whole time to the duties of his office. Vigilant and watchful, he would make an ideal

SHERIFF

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY BALLOT SEPTEMBER 16

The Merits of a Candidate Rather Than His Money Should Count!

Alex. Gray who is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff is making his campaign entirely on his own merits. He realizes that it is some handicap not to have money but believes that the Republican voters when considering the claims of the various aspirants for office look at the MERITS of a man ABOVE EVERYTHING ELSE.

Alex Gray is fortunate, however, in having many friends in all sections of the county, among the men who worked years ago with him in the mines, who were students with him later at college, who know his record as a self made man and as a successful engineer as well as those who served their country when he did in the late war.

Upon his Friends and his own Record Gray is depending for the Nomination of Sheriff and he considers these his best assets.

No man can take away a loyalty of friendship which has been secured by years of right living, faithful performance of every duty to his fellowmen, to his community and to his country.

If You Want a Man of This Kind for Sheriff

VOTE FOR ALEX GRAY

He will make a conscientious, courageous, faithful public officer in this office.

Work for Gray
Vote for Gray

Razors of Glass.

The method adopted in the manufacture of glass razors was quite interesting. A cylindrical piece of volcanic glass served as a core, so to speak, from which thin flakes (somewhat resembling modern razor blades in shape) were skillfully chipped off. This was often accomplished in such a way that the resulting blade had two beveled edges, very keen and sharp, for its entire length. Such a razor blade had curving edges that kept their sharpness quite as long, it is likely, as the steel tool of today. And when it became dull there was no necessity for sharpening it. All that had to be done was to knock off a fresh flake (lengthwise of the core), which was already as good as honed and stropped. The glass cylinder served the same purpose as one of the new-fangled shaving sets, in which a supply of extra blades is furnished, in order that the man who shaves may escape the trouble of stropping and honing.

The first bank in New York city, in point of age, is the Bank of New York in Wall street, which was organized 135 years ago. A number of prominent merchants and citizens met at the Merchants' coffee house and elected officers of the financial institution. Alexander Hamilton was the real founder of the Bank of New York, but Gen. Alexander McDougall was chosen as its first president. Hamilton drew up the constitution of the bank, which had its first headquarters in the Walton mansion. Both Hamilton and Aaron Burr were stockholders, and the former was a director for five years. For many years after its organization the Bank of New York, with the Bank of North America in Philadelphia and the Bank of Massachusetts in Boston, held the entire banking capital of the United States. The bank of New York has occupied its present site since 1798.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY

A Simple and Inexpensive Way To Fight SPANISH INFLUENZA

Experience is the greatest of all teachers and when the terrible Spanish Influenza epidemic first appeared and spread so swiftly over the country—wiping out entire families and causing untold grief and desolation—every possible medicinal remedy was frantically restored to as a means to check and relieve its terrible life toll. During October and November of 1918, when the epidemic was at its highest point, the discovery was made that in many instances the most effective way to fight Spanish Influenza was to take a steaming hot cupful of Bulgarian Blood Tea with the juice of half a lemon. It was that this method of treatment started a rapid and increased blood circulation, quickly emptied the bowels of all body poisons and gave the system the strength necessary to resist disease. Every sensible person will realize the importance of having on hand a package of this grand herbal medicine—go to your druggist and ask for Von Schlick's Bulgarian Blood Tea.

Note: If your druggist is out of it you SHOULD have it at once. Quick shipment will be made. Send us $1.25 and we will mail our large size family package postpaid and insured. Address Marvel Products Co., Marvel Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

FATHER JOSCHKO'S STRONG STATEMENT

When nature calls for assistance it is needed quickly, but it must be a remedy that leaves no after-effects; that builds up, not tear down. This is the ideal effect of Plant Juice, the new herbal stomach remedy as is attested by the numerous testimonials of well-known local people, who have regained their health by the use of this famous preparation.

Very Rev. Don Roberto Joschko.

The Very Rev. Don Roberto Joschko, of No. 6304 Slocum street, Chicago, Ill., Vicar-General of the Diocese, who is known and beloved not only by his church associates, but by hundreds of people throughout the state of Illinois, who will be glad to learn of this reverend gentleman's recovery of health, recently gave the following:

"For more than 12 years I have suffered with stomach trouble, using many medicines of various kinds without any help. Two years ago I was forced to go to a hospital in Winnipeg, Canada and remained there for over four months. I heard of Plant Juice and the first two days I had taken it got so much relief that I continued its use; the gas has left my stomach, I have a good appetite now and feel greatly improved in every way. I am glad to endorse Plant Juice and would recommend it to all sick people, especially for stomach trouble."

Plant Juice is sold in Charleroi at Henning's Drug Store.

AN OVERBURDENED MOTHER

If thesteps amother takes and the work she does could only be measured by figures what an array they would make. Through girlhood, wifehood and motherhood woman toils on, often suffering from backache, pain in side, headache, nervousness and sleeplessness, symptoms of more serious ailments peculiar to her sex. Thousands of such women, however, have found relief from suffering by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as is evidenced by the letters of recommendation continually being published in this paper.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for their acts of kindness and sympathy at the time of the death of our beloved sister, Mrs. Margaret Wolfe.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Easton,
82-t1

World Famous Artists

To Appear in Charleroi

Oct 24, Nov 17, Mar 19, Apr 28

Columbia Stellar Quartet

OSCAR SEAGLE
BARITONE

BARBARA MAUREL
PRIMA DONNA of BOSTON OPERA CO.

SASCHA JACOBSEN
RUSSIAN VIOLINIST

CHARLES HARRISON
TENOR

AMPARITO FARRAR
SOPRANO

The above artists will appear in a series of four concerts

Tickets may be obtained from Boy Scouts or are on sale at Levinson's Jewelry Store

Do not overlook this opportunity to see these Famous Concert Stars in YOUR HOME TOWN

DEPENDABILITY

is an attribute the aggressive business man looks for in his assistants. Those who possess it in fullest measure mount steadily to the top.

In his banking connection, too, the business man demands this all-important qualification.

Eloquent evidence of this institution's ability to successfully meet this demand is the number of commercial patrons it serves.

If you, Mr. Business Man, seek a dependable affiliation

CONSULT US!

BANK OF CHARLEROI
Charleroi, Pennsylvania

Experienced

Car Repairmen and Helpers

Locomotive Machinists & Helpers

Steady work, 8 hour day. Apply P R R Shops at

West Brownsville Jct., Shire Oaks

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR CLERK OF COURTS

Ed. G. McGregor

OF WASHINGTON, PENNA., FOR

Clerk of Courts

Ed. G. McGregor has been chief deputy clerk of courts for the past eight years. He now asks your support in his candidacy for the office of Clerk of Courts, solely on his record as deputy and his party record for the past twenty-four years.

If nominated and elected Mr. McGregor pledges himself to give the office the same close personal attention as he has while deputy.

IF EXPERIENCE, QUALIFICATIONS AND COURTESY COUNT

M'GREGOR SHOULD HAVE YOUR VOTE

The CHARLEROI MAIL

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S. W. Sharpnack...Secy. and Treas.
H. E. Flint.....City Editor

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OUR GROWING TOWN

The report of enrollment of pupils in the local public schools indicates that Charleroi is forging ahead in the way of population, and that already our public school facilities are being being taxed to a considerable extent to take care of the increasing army of the rising generation which is now seeking an education.

Enrollment figures for a number of years have shown a steady increase, indicating that population is increasing at a normal rate, with splendid prospects of showing well over the ten thousand mark when the census is taken during the coming year.

Charleroi's location is well adapted to a large increase in population, as with mills and mines on every side it has become the center of an industrial district which makes the situation here most favorable for the worker as well as for the business man. Pressing demands have been made upon our housing facilities during the past year, and had properties been available the population would have been materially increased over any other period. The building movement, which has been halted for some time, owing to the higher prices for lumber and labor, cannot much longer be delayed and while the construction of houses will cost a great deal more money, yet it is contended that prices will not materially decrease for years to come. Much building is going on in the larger cities, and ultimately this activity is going to reach the smaller towns, which have been notoriously slow in keeping pace with the march of progress. When this time shall arrive Charleroi will get its share of the activities pertaining to the construction of new dwelling houses, and which will mean an additionally large number of people who will be added to our population.

THEIR STATUS

President Wilson, in that famous White House conference, described the British Dominions or colonies as parts of the whole, the whole being the empire of Great Britain. This is their exact status. The average American finds difficulty in understanding why, if a sub-sovereignty like New Zealand—with a population of 1,099,295—is given a vote in the proposed League of Nations New York with its population of 9,687,744 or Pennsylvania with its population of 8,798,067, or Texas with its population of 4,601,279, should not have one vote each in that assembly of nations. True, the average American knows that neither New York nor Pennsylvania nor Texas is an independent sovereignty: what he wonders at is why the President and his American associates at Paris did not know, that full sovereignty is also denied to New Zealand, and Australia, and South Africa, and Canada and India. Of course Mr. David Lloyd George and General Smuts and Co., was too busy looking after the interests of the empire of Great Britain—which wanted six votes and got them—to volunteer information of that character.

PLENTY OF WORK HERE

Once we establish the precedent of maintaining armies in Europe or Asia, who shall say where our military and administrative activities there are to end? That hemisphere is full of greater or lesser Armenias. Central and Eastern Europe, Asia Minor are vociferous at this moment with demands for somebody. Every oppressed minority is potentially an oppressing majority, as the history of warring races and sects so amply [illegible] and if Armenia with far [illegible] of the antagonisms [illegible] interests involved [illegible] other country, should attempt to hold down the lid on these [illegible] volcanoes of age and hatred it would be laying out a job for itself for the next century to come. If we are to go in for walking a world police beat probably we shall find plenty to keep us busy in our own hemisphere. Policing, like charity, should begin at home. Mexico is our Armenia, our Balkans, our Poland. When we have found a way of pro-

[illegible] Americans in Mexico it will be time enough to talk about our responsibilities toward Armenia in the faraway Asia.

MASS MEETING SATURDAY NIGHT

Chairman T. W. Armistead of the Salvation Army Home Service Campaign has arranged for a mass meeting to be held on Saturday night, September 13th at seven o'clock at the corner of Fifth street and Fallowfield avenue. Adjutant Harry Bayes and other speakers will be present and address the meeting. Adjutant Bayes has just returned from France after over 12 months service and has a very interesting story to present to his audience. The Slavish Charleroi Band will be present and render several selections. Arrangements are also being completed to place in the pulpits of the various churches next Sunday morning noted Salvation Army speakers, some of whom have recently returned from service in France. Names and assignments will be made later in the week.

A very enthusiastic meeting of Elk team Captains was held at the club house last night and after a splendid repast prepared by Steward High, all plans were completed for the coming drive. Paul Willis, Provincial business representative, made an address explaining the why and wherefore of the Drive.

MEETS ACCIDENT ON MAIDEN TRIP

The new steamer Edgar Thomson, of the Carnegie line, which made her maiden trip up the Monongahela on Saturday last, met with an accident at Lock No. 6, which, while not serious, will keep the boat out of commission until necessary repairs are made.

The boat was entering the lock chamber with two steel barges on her head, when the machinery faied to "qualify," as the steamboatmen say; that is, when the pilot rang for the engineer to back the boat something went wrong with the machinery and the boat drifed head on until the barges came in contact with the lock wall with such force as to drive the rear end of the barges back and over the head of the steamboat, breaking and bending the heavy steel "knee" fenders against which empty barges rest while in tow. The boat made the trip back to Clairton all right and has been aken out of commission until such time as new fenders can be secured and placed in position. This will be but a short time, as the Thomson is badly needed in thelocal trade.

WILL OBSERVE CHILDREN'S WEEK

At a meeting of the Sunday school workers of the Charleroi district, held Tuesday evening in the Washington Avenue Presbyterian church it was decided to observe "Children's Week" in keeping with the plan of the International Sunday School Association.

The local plan is as follows: The pastors to preach a special sermon September 21st, deaing with the "Christian Nurture and Education of Children." On Thursday and Friday, September 25 and 26, beginning at 4 p. m., a canvas will be made in the homes, each local school determining its own plan for a successful enrollment. The world "Rally Day" in Sunday school work is September 28, and a great effort is being made, in keeping with the general reconstruction plans, for aggressive work with the young people.

Mrs. Noah Roley.

Mrs. Noah Roley died Tuesday evening at 1 0:55 o'clock at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. V. Lewis, Washington, Pa., after a brief illness. Mrs. Roley formerly resided at Belle Vernon, where the death of her husband occurred December 10, 1918. Besides her daughter Mrs. Lewis, she issurvived by two brothers, Jacob B. Shawmon of Pittsburg and Charles Shawmon of Masontown.

See the newst creations for fall and winter at Oates Shoppe opening, Saturday September 13. 81-t5

ALLIANCE, O., FACING LOSS OF GAS

History of the Causes Leading Up to the Predicament of the City

IN THREE PARTS—PART I.

Alliance O., Sept. 8.—An investigation into the natural gas situation in this city reveals what is likely to happen to any other town now using natural gas unless something intervenes to stop the willful waste of the God-given commodity, or the unexpected happens, that of striking pockets of gas in places unheard of up to this time. Not that the city of Alliance can be charged with waste, because they have been very careful here, but because of the inability of free users of gas in the fields where leases carry with them a free use of whatever gas is needed by the land holders, to see what the inevitable is when willful waste is perpetrated in any shape or form.

To sum up what the people of this city are facing, it can be said that had it not been for the intervention of the United States Fuel Administration in Washington a year ago the town would have been without gas since the first of last November, and now that the year's grace is about drawing to a close, the problem of the future has not been solved, and the story of Alliance's predicament is an object lesson to the rest of the gas-consuming districts of this country that must be heeded or the same fate will befall them when it is too late to prevent it.

For some years the town of Alliance has been supplied with gas for light and heat by the Alliance Gas and Power Company, a company officered by New York men, with the main office in that city, and a resident manager at the store of the company in Alliance, where gas and electric light fixtures and accessories are sold. The company does not produce one cubic foot of gas of itself, but has been buying it from the East Ohio Gas Company, who had installed a large meter at the edge of the town. This gas company also supplies the city of Cleveland with gas as well as Youngstown and other places in the Mahoning Valley. It became evident to them over a year ago that they must conserve their selling force somewhere, and they decided to lop off Alliance, which started the trouble. The Alliance Gas and Power Company has been paying 35 cents a thousand cubic feet to the East Ohio Gas Company, and retailing it to the people of Alliance for 50 cents per 1,000, giving the service company 15 cents per 1,000 cubic feet to maintain office force, keep the mains in condition, allow for shrinkage in the main between the large meter and the homes of the consumers, and this has been clearly shown by Mr. Horace G. Bonner, manager of the Alliance Gas and Power Company, to be inadequate for the service company to make 8 per cent on its investment, which is generally the amount allowed by Public Service Commissions in their decisions on such matters. There are about 6,000 meters in use in Alliance, which is somewhat less than that of a few years ago, when the gas was sold for a slightly lower figure than now, and many people quit using gas when the price went up.

During this year the City Council, the Chamber of Commerce and the Central Labor Union, the latter a very powerful body politically, and which seems to have a good deal to say in the running of the city, have been agitating a system of some kind that will give the city a sufficient supply of gas for domestic purposes, at a price within the reach of everybody, and have the matter so tied up by contracts that the minds of the people will rest easy. Various schemes have been suggested, among them the owning of a gas-producing plant by the city itself, of which we will speak more fully in a later article. At this time the purpose is to acquaint the consumers of other districts just what troubles are surrounding the Ohio city in its effort to get out of a bad dilemma that seemingly has been allowed to gather force as time went on, instead of nipping it in the bud when it first showed its head.

The East Ohio Gas Company is still supplying gas to the Alliance Gas and Power Company, but has positively and emphatically announced that no gas will be turned into the mains of Alliance after November 1. Therefore, a committee has been chosen by the City Council—six men, representing the council, the Chamber of Commerce and the Central Labor Union—to take up the matter of the future gas supply with the manager of the Alliance Gas and Power Company. The last named states that they are taking up with the Natural Gas Company of West Virginia an arrangement whereby they can get gas from that company for 47½ cents per 1,000 cubic feet, which will allow them to sell it to the people of the city at 75 cents per 1,000 cubic feet, with $1.50 service charge per month. W. H. Ramsey, president of the committee, has appointed a sub-committee, which is going over the matter with Manager Bonner, of the Alliance Gas and Power Company, and it is felt that whatever agreement this committee can make with the public service company will be ratified by Council. But the committee and the manager are not agreed as yet. The Natural Gas Company of West Virginia is at present supplying several towns nearby, such as Salem, Sebring, Beloit and Damascus and up to two months ago were charging 35 cents per 1,000 feet, then suddenly jumped the price to 55 cents. To offset this, the City Council of Salem passed a resolution calling upon the Natural Gas Company of West Virginia to sell gas through the city mains at 14 cents per 1,000. This was done so that the gas company could appeal the matter to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.

(To be continued)

Majestic Theatre
Next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

We Sell the Earth

6 rooms and bath Washington..$4500
3 rooms Shady Avenue $2600
10 rooms Meadow Avenue $4200
6 rooms Prospect Avenue $1600
6 rooms, 1-2 acre, Maple Creek..$3000
Street $3000
8 rooms, brick house, Prospect..$4000
Lots on easy payments Sifth Street Extension.
4 rooms, bath and furnace, Maple

A. L. BOWERS & D. N. HALL
411 Fallowfield Avenue
Charleroi, Pa.

See the newest creations for fall and winter at Oates Shoppe opening, Saturday September 13. 81-t5

WE BUY
LIBERTY BONDS
BOWERS & HALL,
411 Fallowfield Avenue

Nuxated Iron Helps Make Red Blood

The Kind That Puts Roses Into the Cheeks of Women and Force, Strength and Courage Into the Veins of Men

Watch the People You Meet On the Street—You Can Tell Those Who Have Plenty of Iron In Their Blood—Strong, Healthy, Vigorous Folks

Cut this Out

Sworn Statement of the Composition of the FORMULA of Nuxated Iron

It is conservatively estimated that this remarkable formula is now being used by over three million people annually. Among those who have used and strongly endorse it are many physicians who have been connected with the best hospitals and medical societies, former United States Senator and Vice-Presidential nominee, Chas. A. Towne of Minnesota; U. S. Commissioner of Immigration, Hon. Anthony Caminetti; Judge Atkinson of the United States Court of Claims at Washington; Wm. L. Chambers, Commissioner of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation at Washington, and former Health Commissioner Wm. R. Kerr of Chicago.

Newspapers everywhere are invited to copy this statement for the benefit of their readers. It is suggested that physicians make a record of it and keep it in their offices so that they may intelligently answer questions of patients concerning it. Every body is advised to cut it out and keep it. A copy of the actual sworn statement will be sent to anyone who desires such. It is as follows: Iron Peptonate (Special specific Standard) Quantity given below. Sodium Glycerophosphates U. S. P. (Monsanto). Calcium Glycerophosphates U. S. P. (Monsanto). P. E. Nux Vomica U. S. P. Cascarine Bitter, Magnesium Carbonate Po. Ginger U. S. P. Oil Cassia Cinnamon Precip. U. S. P. Calcium Carbonate Precip. U. S. P.

Each dose of two tablets of Nuxated Iron contains one and one-half grains of organic iron in the form of iron peptonate, of a special specific standard, which in our opinion possesses superior qualities to any other known form of iron. By using other makes of Iron Peptonate we could have put the same quantity of actual iron in the tablets at less than one-fourth the cost to us, and by using metallic iron we could have accomplished the same thing at less than one-twelfth the cost but by so doing we must have most certainly impaired their therapeutic efficacy. Glycerophosphates used in Nuxated Iron is one of the most expensive tonic ingredients known. It is especially recommended to build up the nerve force and thereby increase brain power, as glycerophosphates are said to contain phosphorous in that particular state so similar to that in which it is found in the nerve and brain cells of men.

As will be seen from the above, two important ingredients of Nuxated Iron (Iron Peptonate and Glycerophosphates) are very expensive products as compared with most other tonics.

Under such circumstances the temptation to adulteration and substitution by unscrupulous persons, is very great and the public is hereby warned to be careful and see every bottle is plainly labeled "Nuxated Iron" by the Doe Health Laboratories, Paris, London and Detroit, U. S. A., as this is the only genuine article. If you have taken other forms of iron without success, this does not prove Nuxated Iron will not help you.

MANUFACTURERS' NOTE: Nuxated Iron is not a secret remedy, but one which is well known to druggists everywhere. Unlike the older inorganic iron products, it is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, make them black, nor upset the stomach. Nuxated Iron is not recommended for use in cases of acute illness, but only as a tonic, strength and blood builder. (In cases of illness always consult your family physician and be guided by his advice.) If in doubt as to whether or not you need a tonic, ask your doctor, as we do not wish to sell you Nuxated Iron if you do not require it. If you should use it and it does not help you, notify us and we will return your money. It is sold by all druggists.

Sold in this city by Piper's Pharmacy and all good druggists.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Oates Shoppe Fall millinery Opening Saturday September 13. 81-t5

FOR SALE

We have the only Plan of Lots in Charleroi and adjoining Charleroi for sale for Cash or payments and to receive terms see your agent or us.

We also have a good list of houses for sale on cash or payments and a few houses on Fallowfield avenue at reduced prices.

A. L. DUBINSKY,
413 Fallowfield Ave., Charleroi, Pa.

Charter Notice

In the Court of Common Pleas for Washington County, Pennsylvania No ..... November Term 1919

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the above Court on the 22nd day of September 1919 at ten o'clock A. M. under the Corporation Act of 1874 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Viking Club, the character and the object of which is the maintenance of a club for social enjoyment and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements The proposed charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's office.

Roy I. Carson,
Solicitor.
A-27-S-3-10

Bryan is getting busy as candidate for President. Why not, havn't we all the Bryan reforms, government ownership of railroads, democratic simplicity and the 48-cent dollar?

It's the Little Things That Count

The fuse of a bomb—the Chicago fire—the mainspring of a watch are graphic illustrations. The S.H. Green Stamp is another.

In obtaining at least one of these tokens on each 10-cent purchase, you are building well for a substantial saving. One stamp isn't much—one full book is considerable. Yet that book is but the accumulation of a number of little stamps.

In Charleroi and vicinity there are many merchants who realize that it is the bigness of little things that count and they gladly give S.H. Green Stamps. They receive a goodly percentage of trade and their customers receive valuable merchandise S.H. Premiums for their homes. Get your discount!

COLLIN'S
THE BIG STORE
517-519-521 Fallowfield Ave. Charleroi, Pa.

Bring Us Your Soap Wrapper' Coupons, May Drug Co. Coupons, Tobacco Tags, Trade Marks, Labels, Coffee Signatures, etc., and Exchange Them for S.H. Green Stamps.

The Sperry Hutchinson Co.
329 Fallowfield Ave. Charleroi, Pa.

ODDITIES OF FIGURE NINE

Writer With Spare Time on His Hands Has Discovered Some Really Interesting Facts.

There are some curious facts and fancies connected with numbers The number 9 is, perhaps, the first as regards such experiments, although number 7 is more prominent in literature and history When you once use it you can't get rid of it. It will turn up again, no matter what you do to put it "down and out"

All through the multiplication table the product of 9 comes 9. No matter what you multiply with or how many times you repeat or change the figures, the result is always the same.

For instance, twice 9 equals 18; add 8 and 1, and you have 9. Three times 9 equals 27; 2 and 7 make 9 again. Go on until you try 11 times 9—99 This seems to bring an exception. But add the digits—9 and 9 make 18; and again, 1 and 8 make 9. Go on to an indeterminable extent and the thing continues. Take any number at random. For example, 450 times 9 equals 4,050, and the digits, added, make 9 once more. Take 6,000 times 9, equals 54,000, and again you have 5 and 4.

Take any row of figures, reverse the order, and subtract the less from the greater—the total will certainly always be 9 or a multiple of 9. For example, take 5,071—1,705 plus 3,366. Add these digits and you have 18, and 1 and 8 make familiar 9.

You have the same result, no matter how you raise the numbers by squares and cubes.

One more way is given by which number 9 shows its strange powers Write down any number you please. add its digits, and then subtract the sum of said digits from the original number.—Exchange.

BRAZIL A LAND OF PROMISE

Tremendous Possibilities That the Future Holds for the Great Republic to the South.

Brazil is not Spanish America. It is Portuguese America, and the republic of Brazil is distinct and separate No one unacquainted with Brazil seems to realize what a tremendous area it represents and to confuse it with the west coast and even the River Plate is to make a commercial mistake.

In the very first place, experience with Spanish America does not necessarily carry an intimate acquaintance with Portuguese America. Brazil by itself deserves all the time a man can give to it—For instance, there is south Brazil, which includes the states of Rio Grande do Sul, Santa Catharina and Parana, and the new railroad which crosses them is opening up a good territory for future settlement Rio Grande do Sul and Puerto Alegre do not control the whole of this interior.

It must be studied with the same purpose which was given to Washington and Oregon a generation ago. The climate is not dissimilar, nor, in a broad sense, are the civilizing influences at work very dissimilar. It is not unlike parts of Peru, Ecuador and Bolivia.

Roman Pottery in England.

Roman pottery was recently discovered in London When the old general post office in St. Martin's-le-Grand was demolished a large series of Roman rubbish-pits was disclosed. The lowest portions of one hundred and twenty of these were carefully excavated. The "finds" included a few whole pots and many thousands of fragments of Samian and coarse pottery, besides building materials, whetstones, beads, knives, coins, and other small objects It has been possible to assign dates to most of the holes between A. D. 50 and 200. By the association in the same hole of datable and undatable pottery light has been thrown upon many types of the latter. Last summer, while the buildings 3-6, King William street, were being demolished another series of five large Roman pits was uncovered. From the fragments thus obtained nine Samian vessels of the first century have been pieced together, and are now in the Guildhall Museum.

"How do you like your new minister?"

"Very much, indeed. He's the right sort. One of those 'man-among-men' ministers, you know Comes over to the house occasionally and smokes a pipe; plays on our baseball team; good at tennis and golf and seems to believe in getting pleasure out of this life"

"I see."

"Yes, and he's interested in the things we laymen are interested in. He discusses the problems of the day. I tell you, he's a fine fellow."

"I know; but what sort of sermons does he preach?"

"Well, that I can't tell you. I haven't been over to hear him preach yet."—Detroit Free Press.

Gill, McGill, Gillespie.

The name of Gill is probably older than that of McGill as the prefix Mac signifies "son of," and the name would therefore in olden times be borne by one whose father was a Gill. It is extremely doubtful if there is any connection at all between the above names and that of Gillespie. In Gaelic this name is Gilleasbuig, translated in English by Archibald. For example, the earl of Argyll, who was famous in the wars of the seventeenth century, was known as Gillespie Grumach, or "Archibald the Grim."

AUDITORS' REPORT OF SCHOOL DISTRICT.

The Auditors appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Washington County, Pennsylvania, to audit the accounts of the School District of Charleroi, Washington County, Pa., for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1919, filed their report in the Prothonotary's Office on the 20th day of August, 1919, and notice is hereby given that the same will be confirmed absolutely unless an appeal is taken therefrom within thirty (30) days after the filing thereof, and further that the following is a concise summary or statement of the same, including the assets and liabilities of the district, to wit:

July 1st, 1918, Cash in Treasury...			$ 4,533.82
1914 Taxes—			
July 1st, 1918 Uncollected.....		$ 231.46	
Collections (Ex. but collected)	1 56		
Uncollected	231.46		3.16
1915 Taxes			
July 1st, 1918, Uncollected		1,077 49	
Collections	9.49		9.48
Uncollected	1,068.00		
1916 Taxes			
July 1st, 1918, Uncollected.....		1,233.78	
Collections	31.44		35.02
Uncollected	1,202.34		
1917 Taxes			
July 1st, 1918 Uncollected		813.32	
Collections	282.59		395.53
Uncollected	530.73		
1918 Taxes			
Face of Duplicate.....		76,310 80	
Added to Duplicate		584.83	
Collected at Face		70,753.13	70,753.13
October 1st, 1918, Uncollected		6,142.50	
October 1st. 1918 5 per cent Added		300.41	
Collections	4,588.06		4,561.75
Liens Filed	102.91		
Exonerations	1,612.36		
Difference by Adjustment		9.32	
Uncollected	148.90		
Liens Collected			205.97
Tuition			3,193.70
State Appropriation			9,810.40
Demand Loans			28,000.00
Miscellaneous			78.37
Justice of Peace Fines			25.00
Rents			40.00
			$121,645.33

Expenditures		
Teachers Salaries	$ 51,336.88	
Bonds Paid	13,000.00	
Interest on Bonds.....	5,737.50	
Loans and Interest	20,571.82	
Institute	834.00	
Tax Collector Commissions	1,637.38	
Taxes Refunded	6.30	
Printing and Telephones	344.20	
Fuel, Light, Water and Power.....	4,175.53	
Janitors and all other Salaries.....	8,663.25	
Text Books	1,964.14	
General Supplies	5,336.92	
Repairs and furnishings	4,305.40	
Transferred to Sinking Fund	1,774.00	
Insurance	126.13	
Miscellaneous	1,436.31	
	$121,249.76	
July 1st. 1919 Balance in Treasury.....	395.57	$121,645.33
Resources.		
Cash in Treasury	395.57	
Tax Liens	284.83	
Taxes Uncollected 1914-1918.....	3,181.43	
Due from Tax Collector J. W. Mathias.....	110.95	
Due from Tax Collector F. W. Brady.....	26.31	
Tuition Uncollected.....	5,804.96	
Text Books, Supplies, etc., ...	8,804.14	
Real Estate, Buildings and Furnishings	327,410.30	
Due from Paul R. Nutt, Justice of the Peace.....	8.00	$346,026.49
Liabilities.		
Demand Loans	28,000.00	
1904 Bonds	27,000.00	
1906 Bonds	5,000.00	
1907 Bonds	17,000.00	
1912 Bonds	62,000.00	
1916 Bonds	26,000.00	
Present Worth	181,026.49	$346,026.49
Sinking Fund No. 1		
July 1st, 1918—Balance	1,714.93	
February 28th, 1918—From General Fund.....	1,774 00	
December 30th, 1918—Interest	10.20	
June 1st, 1918—Interest	10.42	
January 30th, 1919—Interest	10.30	
July 1st, 1919—Interest	17.15	
	$ 3,537.00	
Payments.		
Interest on Bonds	855.00	
State Tax on Bonds	104.00	
Balance—June 30th, 1919	2,578.00	
	$ 3,537.00	

T. R. EAGYE,
E. N. DUTY,
Auditors.

A. V. LEWIS, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office.
August 20th, 1919.

For Director of the Poor
Dr. R. W. Wolfe
TAYLORSTOWN
Primaries September 16, 1919
Subject to Republican Rules
Your Influence and Vote Solicited

Get Rid of That Persistent Cough
Stop that weakening, persistent cough or cold, threatening throat or lung affections, with Eckman's Alterative, the tonic and upbuilder of 20 years' successful use. 30c and $1.50 bottles from druggists, or from ECKMAN LABORATORY, Philadelphia

LIBERTY BONDS

WE GUARANTEE TO PAY
THESE PRICES IN CASH

$52.88	FOR	$50.00	1st
49.80	"	50.00	2nd
49.62	"	50.00	3rd
48.26	"	50.00	4th
49.76	"	50.00	5th

NOTICE—WE PAY 25c MORE PER HUNDRED IN LOTS OF $400.00 OR OVER.

WE BUY RECEIPTS ON PARTIAL PAID BONDS
WE BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

SEDER'S
461 Donner Ave. Monessen, Pa.
We deduct 1 per cent for service
OPEN EVENINGS

FOR JUDGE
—OF THE—
Orphans' Court
—VOTE FOR—
ANDREW M. LINN

Thirty-three years in general practice of the law.
Not a candidate of any clique or faction.
Has no desire to build a political machine.
Will treat all litigants and their counsel with exact impartiality.
VOTE FOR ANDREW M. LINN

No Raise In Rent
No Moving Days
If you own your home

Get our list of homes on the easy Monthly payment plan. Or if you have a house in view and need the money see us.
Come in and talk it over with us

Davis & Davis
Landefeld Bldg.
Monongahela, Pa.

Ask Your Dealer for Remington UMC
REMINGTON UMC
Grand Prize Modern Firearms & Ammunition
Write for Catalogue
THE REMINGTON ARMS U.M.C. CO. INC.
ARROW Waterproof

See the newest creations for fall and winter at Oates Shoppe opening, Saturday, September 13. 81-t5

NOTICE

I will buy old rags of any kind. Will pay two cents a pound and one cent a pound for old bags and bones.

Samuel Freidman
Local Junk Dealer
220 McKean Avenue

NOTICE

North Charleroi School Board will meet Friday evening September 12, 1919 to receive bids for furnishing 2000 bushels, more or less of run-of-mine coal.

S. W. Sharpneck, Secy.
Lock No. Four, Pa.
S-6-8-10

L & M SEMI-PASTE PAINTS
BEST THAT CAN BE MADE
Cost to you **$3.15** a Gallon when made ready to use
RECOMMENDED BY SATISFIED USERS FOR OVER 40 YEARS
LONGMAN & MARTINEZ, MANUFACTURERS, N. Y.
Obtain COLOR CARD from our Agent
Grant's Hardware Co., Charleroi, Pa.

3 Minutes a Day
bids health and beauty stay

There is no room for the little aches and pains when La Vida is in the home. La Vida keeps health and beauty uppermost always.

La Vida is a simple, compact, complete little vibrator. Moderate in price, marvelous in results. Light and easy to handle. Nothing to oil, nothing to get out of order. A permanent investment, never any expense. You should start with La Vida today.

Health and Beauty Booklet free on request

La Vida improves skin and scalp, quiets troubled nerves, gives you the fullest benefit gained by modern scientific vibration. Buy La Vida today.

La Vida $7.50
ELECTRIC VIBRATOR
—FOR SALE BY—
REGAN And HORMELL
518 McKEAN AVENUE

WAY TO INCLOSE STAMPS

Improperly Placed in Letter They Are Apt to Be Source of Irritation to the Recipient.

It is actually astonishing the number of persons, even those who are in business, who do not know properly to inclose a postage stamp in a letter. The stamp is inclosed to bring an immediate reply, and the intention of the writer is good; but many times the wrong way of doing the thing is the cause of no little annoyance at the other end of the line.

When a busy man opens a letter and finds a stamp pasted tightly to the sheet he may be excused if he becomes irritated. The letter is often unanswered, the stamp wasted or the party's time taken up in removing the stamp and applying paste to hold it on the envelope sent containing the reply.

Here is one way to inclose a stamp: Moisten a spot about the size of a pea in the center of the stamp and press it to a blank space on the letter sheet. When the party addressed removes the stamp he can lift it from any edge, and that will cause the center to release instantly without injury to the bit of paper. If one corner is pasted down it often tears in removing, and according to the ruling of the department, the postage stamp is worthless if any portion is torn or cut away.

Another way to inclose a single stamp, or two or three stamps, in fact, is to cut a little slit in the corner of the letter, taking pains that this is not done where it will be folded as the letter is made ready to go in the envelope. If the slits are properly made the stamps can be tucked in and will remain safely in that position.

But for a large number of stamps it is better to put them in a small envelope, which is inclosed in the envelope containing the letter.

Just as no other river has quite the same wonder as belongs to the Thames, so no other river is wrapped in mystery, so surrounded with stories of tragedy and crime, London Answers says.

Many of the old waterside houses, which rise sheer with the river, contain rooms in which the floor is built directly over the water—floors upon which one could stand in apparently perfect safety while someone in an adjacent room worked a lever which caused the floor to open and their victim to drop into the river.

A gambling club is said to have met in such a room once a year to play for tremendous stakes. The party played on until one of their members was ruined. Then the rest of the men went away in silence, while the ruined man went down into the dark waters.

This Age, Also, to Pass?

It is an old, old world, indeed, and many are the feet that have traveled upon its highways. And that they who lived and had their being in those far, distant ages knew joy and sorrow, laughter and tears, as we know them now there can be no doubt, although there may be nothing but doubt about all else concerning them. It is fascinating to think that there may come a time when future ages will find us who are here today wrapped in the same mystery that now veils the peoples who went before us on the dusty trails of other centuries and ages.

Wither Without Sunlight.

Miners who work under ground become pale. Flowers that grow in dark places have little color and the leaves are pale. Human beings and animals are affected in much the same way for want of sunlight, excepting those that by nature are adapted to this life. The sunlight does more than tan the surface of the skin. The coloring matter is formed and developed deeper in. The sun's rays strike down and the effect penetrates perhaps for an inch or two into the soft tissues so that the influence of the sun is felt on the interior of the body as well as on the exterior.

There were whisky rings long before the days of the Billingsleys. In 1872 235 men were indicted in New York and Washington for conspiracy to avoid the payment of the liquor tax. The ring was made up of distillers, wholesale liquor dealers and employes of the internal revenue office. Many of them, including the chief clerk of the treasury department were sent to prison. It was shown that the combination had cheated the government out of millions of dollars.

Boat That Vanished.

A mysterious thing about the Thames, which no amount of police supervision will destroy, is the "ghost" boats which have been, and are, frequently seen in various parts of the river. It is a fact that river police patrols have actually given chase to such ghost ships, to find there is nothing substantial to be found on reaching the place where the ships had seemed to be.

One of the most curious stories of this kind is that of the mysterious boat which was seen making its way along the water toward London bridge one day, about a quarter of a century ago. As she neared the bridge there was a tremendous explosion, a vivid burst of light, and then—nothing! Not so much as a splinter of wood remained of the boat which had been, and the story of it lingers from that day to this as one of the hundreds of tragic unknown things which form the secrets of the river of mystery.

EVIDENTLY A HOPELESS CASE

Obstinate Man Determined Not to Admit That the Dictagraph Had Helped Him.

A certain young man of Columbus who is so hard of hearing that he oftimes carries a little dictagraph instrument with him to help him follow the conversation of his friends, was among some of his rural relatives last week. There happened to be a farmer in the vicinity who had not heard a word for years. The Columbus man was introduced to him and referred to his little instrument which helped deaf persons, and offered to demonstrate it to him.

"I can't hear through those things. I have tried them all and none of them are any good," he said.

"Put this up to your ear and try it, anyhow," suggested the visitor. The farmer hesitated a while and then put one end of the instrument to his ear. To the surprise of the Columbus man the deaf farmer replied, when asked in a tone hardly above a whisper, "Can you hear what I say?"

"Nope, I can't hear a word. These things don't do me any good."

"Would you acknowledge it if they would help you?" was then asked him in a still lower tone of voice, and the answer came back promptly: "Certainly I would, but I can't hear a word you say."

The Columbus man put the instrument back in his pocket and said to his rural friend, "A hopeless case."—Columbus Dispatch.

Peculiar Customs of Finns.

The Finn is the most highly prized servant in Russia, because, in contrast with the Russian peasant, he will not steal. In Finland, or among Finns, the Russians say, it is never necessary to make use of a lock and key. The Russians and Finns display the same love for getting drunk and for going to church. The peasants of both races are admirably regular in their pursuit of these pleasures. Moreover, the Finn and the Russian are alike superstitious. The head of the new-born child is thrust into the open door of the stove in order that its family's hearth spirit may become acquainted with it. Now and again this introduction has been fatal to the baby. The peasant Finns also believe that the dead member of the family lingers in the household 40 days before taking its final departure.

A New York lady while visiting in the West had some experience with a cyclone. While asleep at a friend's, the house was blown down and the lady pinned to the earth by a rafter. It was supposed she was crushed, but when they dug her out she opened her eyes and sleepily murmured: "Jane, I feel a little uncomfortable; unfasten my corsets."

DEVICE FAILED TO PLEASE

Old Gentleman by No Means Grateful for Contrivances Meant to Save Him Trouble.

A Staten Island man named George Moore recently invented a rocking chair rocker that never reached the patent office in Washington. The inventor was discouraged by his grandfather, Samuel P. Moore, for whom he had constructed the rocker.

Moore the younger has always been known as a tinkerer. Back of the house he has a workshop and for years has whiled away many an hour putting things together that never brought him any return save the satisfaction he felt in constructing them.

Grandfather Moore has always had the habit of violently rocking his rocking chair on the porch. First Grandson Moore invented a rocker silencer, so that the old man could rock away to his heart's content and never get on anybody's nerves. The elder Mr. Moore did not seem to take as much pleasure in rocking as formerly, but nobody commented on the fact at the time.

A few days ago Grandson Moore, while Grandfather Moore was down at the post office, attached a small motor to the rocking chair in such a way that by connecting the wires the chair could be set going like a seesaw. When the elder Mr. Moore returned and took his favorite seat the chair began to pitch him back and forth without an ounce of effort on his part.

Did he feel grateful? Not at all. He left the chair, kicked the motor contrivance and told his grandson what he thought of it.

"Don't ye know my pleasure is in rocking myself?" he cried.

Are Not Interested.

Certaldo, a little Italian mountain town near Florence, is chiefly noted as the probable birthplace and the indubitable home of one Boccaccio, an author much read by learned savants, because he was in some sort the founder of modern literature, giver of ideas to Shakespeare and the Elizabethans, forerunner of the short story writer of today, and, as such, responsible for the American magazine. Certaldo is mildly conscious of the honor of being the home of Boccaccio, but they are not excited about the fact there, writes a correspondent. They have named a hill after him and a street, and they show you his house, and there is a statue supposed to resemble him down by the railroad station, but a celebrity five centuries old is hardly good enough to constitute the principal industry of a city, even a city as small as Certaldo. They are grateful for what tourist traffic Boccaccio brings in, but they are a farming folk, particularly interested in the raising of onions.

Origin of Names of Fishes.

The herring is said to be named from its gregariousness (here, a host), but the derivation is fanciful. The crayfish is the same in origin as the crab. The oyster is so called from its bony shell—in Greek osteon, a bone. The whelk or wilk is named from its convoluted shell (helix, a twist or spiral). The lobster is named from the locust, which it is supposed to resemble. The mussel is sometimes mysteriously connected with the mouse—slow moving. The halibut is the holy "butt" (i. e., plaice), being good eating for holidays. Eel is probably an imitation word caught from the slimy appearance and sinuous movement of the fish. The origin of haddock, pilchard, parr and cuttle has not been ascertained, or even ventured for.

Lumbermen Use Care.

Everywhere we see this old proverb about an ounce of prevention being worth a pound of cure put into effect. The latest people to use it in their business are the lumbermen. They have discovered that if they spray off all their logs before they run them under the saw they save countless serious accidents. Coming to the mill little particles of stone and gravel often adhere to the logs, and if one of these bits of material strikes the edge of the huge circular saw just right—bing! off will go the saw into a thousand pieces like shrapnel. If a spray of great force is played over the logs, there is, of course, no danger of this happening, so all up-to-date sawmills are beginning to put this method into practice.

Origin of Grain as Measure.

The grain, as a measure of weight, has its name from being originally the weight of a grain of wheat. A statute passed in England in 1266 ordained that 32 grains of wheat, taken from the middle of the ear and well dried, should make a pennyweight, 12 of which should make an ounce, while 12 ounces were to make a pound.

The pound, therefore, consisted of 7,680 grains. But several centuries later the pennyweight was divided into 24 grains, which makes the troy pound 5,760 grains. The pennyweight was the exact weight of a silver penny. The standard grain was prescribed by act of parliament in the reign of George IV.

Hazy Ideas.

"I have been promised a job in the forest service," said the politician.

"What are your duties to be?"

"I don't know much about the proposition. I have been told that I was to be sent out to inspect government preserves."

"For what purpose?"

"To see if they comply with the pure food laws, I suppose."

GET FRESH WATER FROM SEA

Only Source of Supply Available to the Inhabitants of Island in Persian Gulf.

Quite often one hears a foolish person compared to Larabee's calf, which it is said swam the river to get a drink. It is not always so, however, for there is a land where people dive deep in the ocean to get water. Sounds funny, doesn't it?

In the Persian gulf, about twenty miles from the Arabian coast, is a group of islands, the largest of which is called Bahrein. This island, which is 20 miles in length and 10 in width, is low and sandy in most places, but here and there an oasis rich in date palms dots the island with spots of green. "The Mountain of the Mist" in the center rises to the height of 400 feet. The 8,000 people who live in Manameh, its largest town, are mostly Arabs of the fanatical Wahabi sect. Fish and seaweed are their chief food and the only fresh water they have to drink is brought from springs at the bottom of the sea. The natives, with goat-skin bags, dive to the bottom, and holding the opening down upon the bubbling spring, swim to the surface with their bags filled with sweet water. The extensive pearl fisheries for which the islands have always been famous is their one great industry. The Dutch Reformed church has long maintained a mission station upon the island and that has been possible because Bahrein is under British protection.

HARD WORK BRINGS SUCCESS

Anything you may get without a struggle is worth little.

Keep this in mind when you are engaged in some difficult task and see if it doesn't help you to stick.

Things easy to do are the things sought by the easy-going kind of man who never climbs to any height. Perhaps he puts up a good bluff of doing hard work, but the deception hurts himself the most, and sooner or later he has to pay the piper.

Natural ability helps some folk to gain prominence, but without hard work it will not go far. It is not the pupil who learns his lesson the easiest or in the shortest time who amounts to the most in after life. The quick to learn often have to work the hardest to retain it.

When you think of the different members of your class in school you know now that it is mostly the "grind" who has made the great and real success, not the boy who could recite on a minute's notice and spent the rest of his life in mischief. The real "smart boy" you used to know is generally working under the man who was once known as "dense" or "slow."

Stick to your job.

BAUM'S CLAIM
To Perpetually Hold Office by Divine Right
BOMBED!

Mr. Baum has already received his pro rata share of recognition by the Republican party by having served—

As County Attorney for Commissioners	7 years
As District Attorney for Washington County	4 years
On County Payroll Continuously for	11 years
Now Ask for Another Term as District Attorney	4 years
Which Would Make a Total of	15 years

Cummins is Conceded to be an Able Trial Lawyer--Cummins Has Never Before Asked For or Held a County Office

Vote for Cummins

GREAT MEN AS PEDESTRIANS

Writers and Others of World-Wide Fame Who Were Fond of Long Jaunts on Foot.

"There have been some famous pedestrians, with the emphasis on the word famous. Charles Dickens was a great walker. 'Twelve, fifteen, even twenty miles a day were none too much for Dickens . . . swinging his blackthorn stick, his little figure sprang over the ground, and it took a practiced pair of legs to keep alongside of his voice.' He once did 'a special feat of turning out of bed at two, after a hard day, pedestrian and otherwise, and walking thirty miles into the country before breakfast.' Sir Walter Scott 'walked twenty or thirty miles without fatigue, notwithstanding his limp.' Browning, when past seventy, could take long walks without fatigue, and Wordsworth at sixty did twenty miles a day. De Quincey considered fourteen miles a day necessary to his health, and Lamb, notwithstanding his 'almost immaterial legs,' 'could walk during all the day.' Brahms was a tireless pedestrian, and Beethoven always took his daily walk or 'run' of five or more miles in all manner of weathers, while Turner traveled twenty miles a day, sketching as he walked. Herbert Spencer, at thirteen, in a fit of homesickness, walked forty-eight miles one day and forty-seven the next; but was probably injured in so doing. Tolstoi, at fifty-eight, walked 130 miles in three days. Great men are usually of powerful physique, and many of us would suffer if we emulated their walking habits, but they have not all been so vigorous. Immanuel Kant walked for at least an hour every day, but doubtless Bacon or Locke, Chopin or Weber, Spinoza or Calvin, who were none of them in good health, would have found a walk of a mile or two quite sufficient or even too much."—St. Nicholas.

WAGE WAR ON THE LOCUST

Russian Authorities Take Energetic Measures to Stamp Out Pests That Do Much Harm.

A remarkably successful campaign has recently been conducted by the Russian government against locusts in Turkestan, where formerly the inhabitants, for religious reasons, did hardly anything to check the ravages of these insects.

Turkestan supplies almost half the cotton used in Russian mills, and raises other valuable crops. As recently as 1901, locusts caused an annual loss of over $2,000,000 in this region, and only primitive methods of dealing with them were in vogue. The loss has now been reduced to practically nothing.

The methods employed by the Russians include: Preparation in summer and autumn of forecast maps, showing the position, age and density of the egg centers of each district; treatment of the infested areas with paris green, or, better, molassed sodium arsenite, as soon as the larvae appear; scorching by knapsack machine of larvae in places not accessible to sprayers, devoid of vegetation, or far from water courses of sufficient capacity to keep the sprayers going; capture of larvae in pits or ditches.

Hoop Petticoats.

During the reign of Charles I the hoop petticoat was worn only by wives of the lower gentry and by the wives of the citizens. In the latter part of the reign of Queen Anne it rose again; this time in another form—that of an enormous hoop. This grew to such immense proportions that during the time of George I and II, eight yards was considered the proper width.

These hoops had outstanding steel or whalebone foundations at the bottom of the skirt. In Elizabeth's time this whalebone had been used at the top, near the waist, enlarging the hips for several feet. Addison expressed himself about the subject as follows, through his Sir Roger de Coverley:

"My great-great-grandmother has on a new fashioned petticoat, except that hers is gathered at the waist. My grandmother appears as if she stood in a large drum, whereas the ladies now walk as if they were in a go-cart."

A certain Columbus newspaper man is proud of the precocity of his five-year-old niece. As typical of her mental agility, he tells the following:

"We were visiting recently at my brother's home. When dinner was called the child politely but firmly announced that she had no idea of dining and would remain away from the table.

"'Why, Mildred, you must eat three full meals a day if you are ever to grow up and be a lady,' remarked my wife, who happens to be a woman of substantial proportions.

"Carefully surveying her gratuitous adviser, the little miss said: 'Auntie, do you eat four meals a day?'"—Columbus Dispatch.

Stopping Him.

"I shall never ask you to promise to come home early again," she said sorrowfully when he let himself in at 2 a. m.

"Why not, my dear?" he inquired quietly.

"It's bad enough to be married to a nighthawk and a loafer without making a liar of you, too," she replied, and he had no comeback.

POISONS IN COMMON SALT

Deadly Chemical Elements, When United, Form Substance Beneficial to All Animal Life.

When a native of the savage tribes of Africa happens to find a piece of rock salt he considers himself most fortunate. Often he will invite his friends to a party and serve this piece of salt as the refreshments. The guests seat themselves in a circle and take their turns at licking the choice bit, passing it around in much the same manner as the Indians pass around their pipe of peace. Salt seems to be necessary for most forms of animal life. Cattle will travel for miles just to get a taste of it.

Few persons realize when eating this substance that it is composed of two deadly poisons, the metal sodium and the gas chlorine. Sodium is one of the most active metals, while chlorine is a gas dangerous to breathe even in small quantities. If a piece of sodium is placed on water it will react violently. For this reason it is always kept under kerosene to keep it from reacting with the moisture in the air, and it is always handled with tweezers, as it will cause a severe burn if allowed to touch the skin, especially if the hands are damp. The poisonous nature of chlorine is generally known, as it was one of the first deadly gases used by the Germans during the world war.

When these two chemical elements unite each loses its poisonous nature and the salt which is formed is an entirely new substance, having none of the properties of either sodium or chlorine. Nevertheless salt is composed of two deadly poisons, but chemically combined we eat it every day, as it is both harmless and necessary.

MARK TWAIN "TURNED DOWN"

Popular Writer's Report on City's Religious Condition Failed to Appear in Print.

When Mark Twain was a reporter on the Virginia City Enterprise he was given an assignment to report the condition of the churches in Gold Hill. The next day he turned in the following, which the managing editor declined to print:

"Your reporter had some difficulty in securing an interview with the pastor of the Baptist church. He found him pushing an ox cart on the dump pile of the Overman mine. He said that he was doing this not merely for exercise but for $3.50 a day. He said that his clerical salary was nominally $50 per month, but the irregularity with which it was not paid was very distressing. The butcher, he said, had been very kind to him, but his patience had limits, and lately when called upon for a beefsteak he had, in an absent-minded way, cut off a piece of liver. His congregation had dwindled to 14 hearers, and the collection for the previous Sabbath amounted to but 40 cents. He had made one convert, but had been unable to baptize him, for the water company had refused to supply the water except for cash in advance.

"On the whole," reported Mark Twain, "the condition of the cause of religion in Gold Hill seems to leave very much to be desired."

The Man Who Overcame.

Men with weak eyes will remember that Theodore Roosevelt had weak eyes all his life and became a successful hunter, an omnivorous reader and a keen naturalist. Men with defective hearing will remember that Theodore Roosevelt lost the use of one of his ears and could still distinguish the calls of birds and lead a people magnificently. Men stricken with pain will remember that once Theodore Roosevelt worked at his correspondence until he fainted and the couch on which he lay was drenched with blood. Cripples will hear the word that Theodore Roosevelt spoke when a physician told him in the last month of his life that he might be confined to his chair the rest of his days, "All right! I can live that way, too!"

The millions will remember the inspiring leader; but a few with terrors to face will always cherish most the man who overcame.—Herman Hagedorn in Carry On.

It was Sunday morning in the choir of a large church. I was singing soprano in a quartet. At the end of the selection I was under the impression that we were to sing "Amen," but, not noticing closely that the other members in the quartet had seated themselves, I remained standing and started with the "Ahmen" ringing out in the silence of the church, without even the support of the organ. With the eyes of the congregation all turned on me, I sat down, amid the smiles of my fellow singers, wishing the floor might open up and swallow me.—Chicago Tribune.

Overcome Obstacles.

"Don't let obstacles or hardships worry you—a goodly share of difficulties and hardships have the same effect upon the right kind of young man as blows have upon a piece of steel that is being tempered. Setbacks train you to fight better. The 'Black Friday' panic of 1873 bankrupted me just after I had made my first start in business, when twenty-eight, and I well recall an older man then saying to me, by way of consolation: 'Happy and lucky is the man who fails when he is young.'"—Robert Dollar in the American Magazine.

CITY BELOVED OF TOURISTS

Buitenzorg, Java, Noted for Its Gayeties and Its Wonderful Display of Horticulture.

When a wealthy Dutch planter in Java discovers that he has acquired brain fag by talking business with his overseers and superintendents he orders his servants to make preparations for a trip to Buitenzorg, the capital of the island.

Buitenzorg is one of those few fascinating cities where the climate is perfect and business never seems to interfere with pleasure. The governor-general's mansion is the center of Javanese government and frivolity—the scene of occasional weighty conferences and many balls and garden parties. In this tropical court the Dutch heiress makes her first bashful bow to society, and noted scientists who come to view the famous botanic gardens of the city are feted.

Bamboo huts of the Javanese, all too small for the families they hold, snuggle within the shadows of modern hotels and shops. All around are gardens overflowing with roses and gay tropical blooms. Flowers are popular in Buitenzorg, but, attractive as the amateur gardens are, their charm is forgotten in the wonderful beauty of the botanic gardens, which lie within the estate of the governor general.

For more than a century horticultural experts have cultivated these famous gardens, the success of their work being proved by the enthusiasm of scientists, to whom this spot is a botanist's paradise. Unscientific visitors revel in the profusion of blossoms, sweet smelling, gorgeous, strange and lovely, but the scientist hastens past these frankly attractive blooms to expend his enthusiasm on some twisted dwarf, which he designates a botanical triumph and labels with an unpronounceable name.

TRACING LOST INDIAN TRIBE

Scientists Interested in Explorations of Abodes of the Long-Gone Arawak Nation.

When in 1494, on his second voyage, Columbus discovered the island of Jamaica, it was populated by the Arawak Indians, who, although at first hostile to him, became friendly on his giving them clothing and other articles hitherto unknown to them.

When later the Spaniards settled the island they forced the Indians not only to do agricultural work in their own island, but to labor in the gold mines of Hayti. So hard were the Spanish taskmasters that by 1558 the whole Arawak nation was exterminated.

During the past eight years efforts have been made, under the auspices of a scientific society, to recover all possible traces of the lost race. To that end explorations have been made in the old kitchen middens, or refuse heaps of the Arawaks, in which there have been found, besides shells and pottery and fish, turtle and coney bones, many celts, or rude chisels, grinding stones, stone pendants and axes—1,500 objects in all, which have been given to the American Museum of Natural History in New York city.

To the anthropologist the most interesting objects are the cylindrical stone pendants, which were fashioned with sand and stone and endless rubbing. Pendants of exactly the same sort are worn today as insignia of office by chiefs or headmen of tribes in northern South America.

You Could Not Mistake Him.

Persons who had been in the habit of traversing Covent Garden at that time might, by extending their walk a few yards into Russell street, have noticed a small, spare man, clothed in black, who went out every morning, and returned every afternoon as the hands of the clock moved toward certain hours. You could not mistake him. He was somewhat stiff in his manner and almost clerical in dress; which indicated much wear. He had a long, melancholy face, with keen, penetrating eyes; and he walked with a short, resolute step citywards. He looked no one in the face for more than a moment, yet contrived to see everything as he went on. No one who ever studied the human feature could pass him by without recollecting his countenance; it was full of sensibility, and it came upon you like new thought, which you could not help dwelling upon afterward: it gave rise to meditation and did you good. This small, half-clerical man was—Charles Lamb.—Barry Cornwall.

Words that have undergone a remarkable change of meaning with the passage of the centuries are "pretty" and "nice." Both these words meant originally almost exactly the reverse of their present definitions. "Pretty" comes from the old French word proud or "prud." In old Saxon the word became "prut"—magnificent, splendid, vain, insolent. From this came "prit" or "pritte," meaning almost the same; till at length it came to signify handsome, bold or fine; finally, after many gradations, reaching its present usual sense as a personal adjective of girlish and effeminate significance. "Nice"—which comes from a French source—at first meant foolish, absurd, ridiculous; then in course of time it came to signify wanton, whimsical, fantastic; then delicate and subtle, till finally it was used to denote any specially pleasant quality.

To the Voters of Washington County: Lock No. 4, Pa., August 7, 1919.

The test of a man's ability to fill an important office is not the promises he is willing to make, but the record of his work actually done in the interests of the taxpayers.

I invite the fullest investigation of my first term as County Commissioner, confident that you will approve my conduct of the office. It is a great pleasure to me to submit for your consideration a few of the things I have accomplished during the first three years of my administration. During this period, there has been spent the following amounts:

For building and maintaining county bridges.		For the maintenance of county roads.	
1916	$20,950.95	1916	$43,132.25
1917	13,761.36	1917	47,570.62
1918	30,019.54	1918	79,986.29
Total	$64,731.85	Total	$170,689.27

When I assumed the duties of the office in 1916, the county owed the State of Pennsylvania over $60,000 for road work, that the Highway Department had completed in the county under the state-aid plan and which the county was unable to pay for lack of funds. This obligation was paid the first year I was in office and the total payments made for state-aid work have been as follows:

1916	$62,780.22
1917	3,516.69
1918	5,693.70
Total	$71,990.61

In the building of new roads, we have succeded in going forward, notwithstanding all the handicaps of the war and for this purpose spent the following sums:

1916	$ 92,135.54
1917	115,451.62
1918	24,640.41
Total	$232,227.57

When I asumed office, I found outstanding road contracts amounting to $121,211.83, with cash in the road fund of $19.974.88, a deficit of $101,236.95. This amount has been paid off and on the first of January, 1919, there was a balance in the road fund not covered by any contracts already awarded of $31,287.75. The balance sheet of road improvement fund would show the following:

Date	Outstanding Contracts	Cash in Road Fund	Deficit	Surplus
Jan. 1.....1916	$121,211.83	$19,974.88	$101,236.95	
Jan. 1.....1917	173,896.55	61.143.86	112,752.69	
Jan. 1.....1918	79,779.60	81,662.06		$ 1,882.46
Jan. 1.....1919	23,306.12	54,593.87		31,287.75

During the term road bonds were issued as follows:

1916	$125,000
1917	125,000
1918	None
1919	125,000
Total	$375,000

Notwithstanding that these bonds were issued and the indebtedness to the state was paid the bonded indebtedness of the county showed the following:

Jan. 1, 1916	$2,144,000
Jan. 1, 1919	2,109,000
Reduction	$ 35,000

This splendid financial showing is all the more creditable when the treasury balances in the general fund are given as follows:

1916	$ 94,322.45
1917	82,464.03
1918	140,247.12
1919	236,501.23

During the term, improvement in the county's finances is shown by the following:

Increase in cash, General Fund	$142,178.78
Increase in Road Fund Balance	34,618.19
Decrease in Bonded Debt	35,000.00
Total	$211,796.97

Beside this, the outstanding contracts for which thecounty was obligated were reduced about $100,000.

In addition to this excellentrecord of public improvements, the county built and equipped a modern addition to theCounty Home and two tuberculosos bungalows, at a cost exceeding $60,000.00. All this was done, and all these other permanent improvements were made without any increase in the tax levy, which has remained at4 3-4 mills, making a splendid financial showing of which I feel justly proud.

If again nominated and elected to the office of County Commissioner, I pledge the same scrupulous care and economy in handling thepeople's money which has characterized my first term. I believe that with the experience I have had, I am better fitted to serve the interest of the taxpayers than I was three years ago. With the ending of the war, the way is open for a liberal policy of public improvement in Washington County and I pledge myself to go forward with this work as rapidly as thecounty financeswill permit.

Asking you for a continuation of your confidence and for your support at the polls in September, I am, Very truly yours

JOHN O. WATSON

Extraordinary Sale
Silk Sweaters

Today we have put on sale a very pretty assortment of ladies Silk Sweaters. These sweaters are fully worth 13.50 to 15.00 each today and we have placed the entire lot on sale at the extraordinary price of 7.75 each.

Dont fail to see this wonderful assortment of Ladies Silk Sweaters.

Plain colors, Purple, Green, Rose and Copen.
Also in combinations, yellow and white, green and white.

Now on Sale

7.75

This is a chance to secure one of these beautiful sweaters at a genuine bargain.

SEE THEM IN OUR WINDOW

J. W. BERRYMAN & SON
"Charleroi's Busy Store"

MEN'S FELT HATS CLEANED

Bell Phone 428-J **Footer's Dye Works** 327 Fallowfield Ave.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Fallowfield township school district held on Saturday last officially the name of the Rodgers school out since the construction of the building at that location the school has been known as "Rodgers." but for reasons which the Board considered sufficient the name has been changed. Maple creek, was changed to "Cooper's school," and as such it will be known in thefuture. Ever

The Civic League

A body of Business, Professional and Laymen, banded together for the purpose of Civic Betterment. Men who are willing at all times to lend their support for the general improvement of things Civic. They have investigated the various candidates for Borough Offices and after due consideration have endorsed men whom they feel will perform the duties of their office with business-like precision. The men selected have been endorsed on account of their business ability and from the fact that they are not radical in their decisions, but men who will be fair minded in all things undertaken in office.

The following Names

have been suggested for the various vacancies to be filled in the Borough of Charleroi. These men have been endorsed by the Charleroi Civic League and should be supported at the primaries September 16th, 1919.

FOR COUNCIL	
MAJOR H. J. REPMAN, M. D.	X
LOUIS J. MITCHELL	X
GEORGE NEWTON	X
JAMES STEVENSON	X
FOR SCHOOL DIRECTOR	
THOMAS M. FADDIS, M. D.	X
LEE SHOWERS	X
FOR ASSESSOR	
H. S. PIERSOL	X
FOR CONSTABLE	
G. W. COREY	X

COUNCIL

MAJOR H. J. REPMAN, twenty years a successful physician and progressive citizen Served very efficiently on Board of Education. Served two years in the great war with distinction.

GEORGE NEWTON, ESQ., a resident of Charleroi for more than twenty years. Served very acceptably as Justice of the Peace. Well known in business and social life. He needs no further introduction.

LOUIS J. MITCHELL, fifteen years a resident and busy man in the town, taking well his part in community interests Assistant cashier of First National Bank.

JAMES STEVENSON, well krown business man of Charleroi. Served as Councilman six years in Bentleyville. His place of business speaks for his ability and the confidence of the people for his integrity.

SCHOOL BOARD

LEE SHOWERS, many years a resident of Charleroi Superintendent of Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., elected to fill vacancy of H. J. Booth A man of integrity and ability.

THOS. M. FADDIS, M. D., a resident of Charleroi from its beginning; Secretary of Board of Education; knows the work. His ability and efficiency cannot be questioned.

ASSESSOR

H. S. PIERSOL, twenty years a business man of Charleroi; present Assessor; knows real estate values; efficient and capable. One of our past Council who served with efficiency

CONSTABLE

G. W. COREY. On present police force; efficient, genial and dependable.

BABE SLEEPS THRO' AUTO ACCIDENT

[illegible] automobile accident happened in Donora Sunday afternoon and while it resulted in damage to two cars, no one was injured. [illegible] touring car was on the way [illegible] the Donora-Eldora brick road at the time and when rounding the curve near the blast furnaces met a Ford car coming in an opposite direction. The drivers got too close together and as a consequence the big car sideswiped the Ford. The driver of the larger car stopped his machine and went back to see what damage had been done, leaving his auto as he supposed securely locked. At that point there is quite an embankment leading down to he Pennsylvania racks After the driver left the machine the car evidently slipped its brakes and started over the hill, down toward the tracks but was stopped in its rush by striking a tree. None of the occupants of the car were injured and a babe which was asleep on one of the seats was not even awakened. The car was badly damaged by the accident and had to be taken to a Donora garage for repairs. The Ford car was also so badly damaged by the collision that it had to be taken to a garage to be repaired

Anita Stewart in "Mary Regan"

Coyle Theatre
MONDAY and TUESDAY

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE—Two rooms of furniture one bed room and the other kitchen room. All in first class condition being in use only 4 months. Inquire Mike Gnip, Wilson street Lock Hill. 76-t10p

FOR SALE—Six room house on corner lot. Sold c heap to quick buyer. Inquire 96 Mail office. 80-t3p

FOR SALE—Four, 16 passenger, Series 18, 1917 Studebaker busses. Call or write for details. Prices are right to quick buyers. Isaac C. Parsen and Sons, Houston, Penna. 82-t6

FOR RENT—Large hall suitable for lodge purposes. Bowers & Hall. 77-tf

FOR RENT—Two very nice rooms for light housekeeping, with pantry and porch and use of bath. Apply 98 Mail office. 82-t4p

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Also room for one or two gentlemen. Inquire 99 Mail office. 82t3p

WANTED—Fifty girls, must be 16 years of age or over. Apply at Keystone Cut Glass Co., Maple Creek. 75-t12

Wanted—A number of girls for light factory work. Good pay and pleasant surroundings. Apply Charleroi Decorating Co. 78 t 8

WANTED—Girls for work in store and for canvassing. Inquire of I. Birken, 522 McKean avenue 80-t3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No washing. Good wages. Apply Mrs. J. Myers 449 McKee avenue, Monessen. 80-t3

WANTED—To rent beginning April 1 next a dairy farm of 100 acres or more. Inquire 97 Mail office. 8066p

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; also to help with washing and ironing. Call Bell phone 220, Charleroi. 80-tf

WANTED—Dishwasher $8 per week. Apply Royal Restaurant 81t2p

WANTED—Girl at Clement Bakery. 81t2

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping in private residence by couple without children. Address R. Geer, Monessen, Pa. 81t2p

WANTED—Girl with business experience at Porter's Jewelry Store. Must be reliable. A good chance to a girl who wishes to advance. Steady work. 82-t2

LOST—Pair of glasses, shell frame with chain and pin, between Charleroi, Charleroi cemetery and Twilight. Return to 602 Shady or call local phone 39-C. 81-t3

$475 will buy 1916 Overland in first class condition, just newly painted, new top with plate glass in rear curtain, new tires, must be sold at once. Charleroi Auto Painting and Trimming. 621 McKean Avenue. Bell Phone, 206-W. 81t3p

J. G. McCRORY CO

Have vacancies for a few more men wishing to learn the 5 and 10 cent business. All needed for this vicinity. Apply Charleroi store. 82t1p

MANY FRIENDS ATTEND MRS. MOUNTSIER'S FUNERAL

Funeral services for Mrs. A. R. Mountsier were held Tuesday afternoon, at the family home, 418 Washington a venue, in charge of Rev. G. A. Allison, pastor of the First M. E. church of Charleroi who was assisted by the Rev. F. A. Richards of North Side, Pittsburg. Rev. Harry Householder of McKeesport and Rev. Robert I. Wilson of Rochester. C. Warren Kinder rendered two solos, "How Lovely are Thy Dwellings," and "One Sweetly Solmen Thought," while the pastors spoke on the lovely christian character of the deceased. The services were largely attended, among those from out of town being Mrs. J. A. Snodgrass and Mrs. C. C. Crill and daughter Elsie of Pittsburg. Miss Effie Hasson of Greensburg. Mrs. William Buffington of Wilkinsburg. Mrs. John Geddes of Wilkinsburg and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Lytle of Monongahela.

MAKES ADDRESS TO HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS

Rev. Mr. Robertson, who is representing Colonel Evans in the present Salvation Army Home Service Campaign in Charleroi, spoke at the High School chapel exercises this morning. His subject was the "Origin of the Salvation Army," and he told of its trials and its success in the late war. He also suggested the formation of a Selling Brigade among the students and quite a number responded to the appeal and Saturday, September 20, has been designated as the day on which doughnuts will be sold on the streets of Charleroi by members of this organization. The address of Mr. Robertson was very interesting and was given the closest attention.

"HIS MAJESTY, THE AMERICAN" AT MAJESTIC NEXT WEEK

The first picture to be put out by the United Artists Corporation is "His Majesty, the American," featuring Douglas Fairbanks. The picture will be shown at the Majestic theatre next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. The picture is said to be the most ambitious production that Fairbanks has ever undertaken. He is supported by an all star cast. Money has been spent lavishly in the production and everything points to one of the greatest of motion picture achievements.

BIG REAL ESTATE DEAL NEAR BEALLSVILLE

One of the largest real estate deals consummated in the Beallsville district for some time was made on Friday last when the farm of the late Col. A. L. Hawkins, south of Beallsville, was sold to a citizen of the Claysville section for $19,600. The farm contains 196 acres, and is well located and one of the most productive in that section of the county. The other farm owned by Col. Hawkins during his lifetime, located in Deemston borough, was purchased some time ago by Jesse Phillips.

Oates Shoppe Fall millinery Opening Saturday, September 13. 81-t5

Mrs. George Stathers and Miss Ella Warne of Monongahela, were guests on Tuesday of Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Hunter.

Oates Shoppe Fall millinery Opening Saturday September 13. 81-t5

Political Advertising

For Register of Wills—

J. W. HUGUS

Ellsworth, Pa.
Republican Primaries, Tuesday, September 16, 1919

Samuel Simcox, Jr.
Teacher of Violin
Home Studio
129 Fallowfield Avenue, Charleroi, Pa.

For Sale

7 rooms bath and reception hall Lincoln Avenue $8000
6 rooms lot 60x255 Oakland 4200
6 rooms and bath Lock 4.....$3900
16 roomed house Crest Ave.....4500
6 rooms Meadow Avenue $2100
5 rooms bath and vacant lot Lincoln Avenue $3150
3 six roomed houses Eight St. each $2650

MOODY'S REAL ESTATE
Cor. 5th and Fallowfield Avenue
Bell Phone 535-R Local phone 38

SAMPECK'S
Boys' Suits

Jack M. Teitelbaum.